Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method of screening for small organic molecules that directly inhibit the interaction of glycosaminoglycans (GAGs) with GAG-binding viral proteins (GBVPs), the method comprising the steps of:
- (a) either contacting a GAG with an GBVP in the presence of at least one candidate compound; or contacting a GAG with at least one candidate small organic compound, removing unbound organic compound and adding a GBVP; and
- (b) measuring the amount of the GAG bound to the GBVP or the amount of the GBVP bound to the GAG, wherein a significant decrease in GAG-GBVP binding as compared to GAG-GBVP binding in the absence of the candidate compound, identifies said compound as inhibitor of the GAG-GBVP interaction.

Claim 2 (Canceled)

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- 3. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, wherein the GBVP is a fusion protein.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the GAG or the GBVP is tagged or labeled.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim $1 \, \text{or} \, -2$, wherein the GAG is heparan sulfate (HS-GAG) or heparin.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim $1 \, \mathrm{or} \, 2$, wherein the small organic molecules are contacted with a proteoglycan containing GAG.
- 7. (Original) A method for the treatment or prevention of disorders related to virus attachment and entry or to bacterial or parasite attachment, comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound that directly inhibits the interaction of glycosaminoglycans (GAGs) with GAG-binding

viral proteins (GBVPs), thus preventing virus attachment and entry or bacterial or parasite attachment mediated by the GAG.

- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 7, wherein the disorder related to virus attachment and entry is an infection caused by a virus selected from the group consisting of a HIV, a HSV, CMV, HCV, RSV, an influenza virus, and rhinovirus.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, wherein the disorder related to bacterial or parasite attachment is a bacterial infection or a parasite-induced disease such as malaria.

10. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier and an active ingredient of the general formula I:

R2 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by a radical selected from the group consisting of $-SO_3H$, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, phenyl, 4- $(C_1$ - C_6) alkylphenyl, 4- $(C_1$ - C_6) alkoxyphenyl, 2-furyl, tetrahydro-2-furyl, or 1,3-benzodioxinyl, or $\underline{R2}$ R_5 is cycloalkyl or C_2 - C_6 alkenyl;

R3 is phenyl substituted by at least one radical selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_6 alkyl, hydroxy(C_1 - C_6) alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, cyano, halogen, trifluoromethyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, and heterocyclyl;

R4 and R5 each is hydrogen or C_1-C_6 alkyl;

R6 and R7 each is selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted by piperidinyl, 4-morpholinyl, piperazinyl, 4- $(C_1$ - $C_6)$ alkyl-piperazinyl, 4-arylpiperazinyl, 4-aralkylpiperazinyl, or imidazolyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} aryl, C_7 - C_{16} -aralkyl, and C_7 - C_{16} aralkyl, or R_3 and R_4 together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 5 to 7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring containing

one or two heteroatoms, and optionally or such 5 to 7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring containing an additional nitrogen atom substituted at the additional nitrogen atom by C_1 - C_6 alkyl optionally or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted by a radical selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy and or phenyl, or by C_2 - C_7 alkoxycarbonyl, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

11. (Currently Amended) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 10 comprising a compound of the general formula Ia:

Ia

wherein:

R2 is C_1 - C_6 alkyl unsubstituted or substituted by a radical selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, phenyl, 4- $(C_1$ - C_6) alkylphenyl, 4- $(C_1$ - C_6) alkoxyphenyl, 2-furyl, tetrahydro-2-furyl and 1,3-benzodioxinyl, or R2 R5 is cycloalkyl or alkenyl;

R4 and R5 each is hydrogen or C1-C6 alkyl;

R6 and R7 each is selected from the group consisting of C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted by piperidinyl, 4-morpholinyl, piperazinyl, 4- $(C_1$ - C_6) alkyl-piperazinyl, 4-arylpiperazinyl, 4-aralkylpiperazinyl, or imidazolyl; C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} aryl, C_7 - C_{16} -aralkyl, and C_7 - C_{16} aralkyl, or C_8 and C_9 - C_{10} aryl, the nitrogen atom to which they are attached form a 5 to 7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring containing one or two heteroatoms, and optionally or such 5 to 7 membered saturated heterocyclic ring containing an additional nitrogen atom substituted at the additional nitrogen atom by C_1 - C_6 alkyl optionally or C_1 - C_6 alkyl substituted by a radical selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy and or phenyl, or by or C_2 - C_7 alkoxycarbonyl,

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

12. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11, wherein the compound of formula Ia is selected from the group consisting of:

4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[[3-[(2-methylpropyl)methyl)] -4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-

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thiazolidinylidene]methyl]-2-[4-(2-hydroxyethyl)-1-
piperazinyl]-
                     (Compound 1)
      4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[[3-(phenylethyl)-4-
oxo-2-thioxo-5-thiazolidinylidene]methyl]-2-[[2-(4-
morpholinyl)ethyl]amino]-9-methyl- (Compound 2)
4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[(3-pentyl -4-oxo-2-thioxo-4)]
5-thiazolidinylidene)methyl]-2-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-
(Compound 3)
 4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[[3-(phenymlethyl)-)-4-
oxo-2-thioxo-5-thiazolidinylidene]methyl]-2-(4-methyl-1-
piperazinyl)-
                       (Compound 4)
 4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[(3-phenylmethyl-4-oxo-2-
thioxo-5-thiazolidinylidene)methyl]-2-(4-methyl-1-
piperazinyl) - 7-methyl-
                             (Compound 5)
  4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[[3-[(4-a)]]
methoxyphenyl)methyl] -4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-
thiazolidinylidene]methyl]-2-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-
(Compound 6)
   4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[(3-butyl-4-oxo-2-a)]
thioxo-5-thiazo-lidinylidene)methyl]-9-methyl-2-(4-methyl-1-
piperazinyl)-
                        (Compound 10)
4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[(3-phenylmethyl-4-oxo-2-
thioxo-5- thiazolidinylidene)methyl]-2-[[3-(1H-imidazol-1-
yl)propyl]amino]-( Compound 25)
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4H-Pyrido[1,2-a]pyrimidin-4-one, 3-[[3-(phenylmethyl)-4-oxo-2-thioxo-5-thiazolidinylidene]methyl]-2-[[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]amino]-9-methyl-(Compound **26**).

13. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 10, comprising a compound of the general formula Ib:

wherein:

R3 is C_1-C_{10} alkyl, hydroxy(C_1-C_{10}) alkyl, C_1-C_6 alkoxy, cyano, halogen, trifluoromethyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, and heterocyclyl; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

14. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 13, wherein R3 is methyl, ethyl,

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hydroxyethyl, halogen, cyano, 3,4-dicyano, methoxy, 4,5-dimethoxy, or 3-trifluoromethyl.

- 15. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 13, wherein the compound of formula Ib is: 5-[1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-1-[2-oxo-2-[-[3-(trifluoromethyl) phenyl]amino]ethyl]-3H-indol-3-ylidene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidineethanesulfonic acid [Compound 11]; or 5-[1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-1-[2-oxo-2-[3-(cyanophenyl)amino] ethyl]-3H-indol-3-ylidene]-4-oxo-2-thioxo-3-thiazolidine ethanesulfonic acid.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 10 to 15 claim 10, for treatment or prevention of viral diseases, disorders or conditions mediated by virus-to-cell attachment via heparan sulfate glycosaminoglycans (HS-GAGs).
- 17. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 16, wherein the viral disease is an infection caused by a virus selected from the group consisting

of a HIV, a HSV, CMV, HCV, RSV, an influenza virus, and rhinovirus.

18. (Currently Amended) The pharmaceutical composition according to any one of claims 10 to 15 claim 10, for treatment or prevention of disorders mediated by bacteriato-cell or parasite-to-cell attachment via heparan sulfate glycosaminoglycans (HS-GAGs).

Claims 19-21 (Canceled)

- 22. (Currently Amended) A method for the treatment or prevention of viral diseases, disorders or conditions mediated by virus-to-cell attachment via heparan sulfate glycosaminoglycans (HS-GAGs), comprising the step of administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of the general formula I in claim 10.
- 23. (Original) The method according claim 22, wherein the viral disease is selected from a group consisting

of HIV, HSV, CMV, HCV, RSV, influenza virus, and rhinovirus infection.